

TGS 8100 - for the detection of Air Contaminants

Features:

- * Surface mount package
- * Low power consumption
- * High sensitivity to cigarette smoke, cooking odors, and gaseous air contaminants
- * Long life
- * Low cost

Applications:

- * Indoor air quality monitors
- * Air cleaners
- * Ventilation control
- * Kitchen range hood control

The sensing element is comprised of a sensing chip and an integrated heater formed on a silicon substrate using MEMS technology, and a metal-oxide semiconductor layer formed on the sensing chip. The device is housed in a surface-mount ceramic package. Due to miniaturization of the sensing chip, **TGS 8100** requires a heater power consumption of only 15mW, and is suitable for low-power equipment and battery-operated instruments. In the presence of detectable gas, sensor conductivity increases depending on gas concentration in the air. A simple electrical circuit can convert the change in conductivity to an output signal which corresponds to the gas concentration.



The **TGS 8100** has high sensitivity to low concentrations of gaseous air contaminants such as cigarette smoke and cooking odors. By utilizing the change ratio of sensor resistance from the resistance in clean air as relative response, human perception of air contaminants can be simulated and practical air quality control can be achieved.

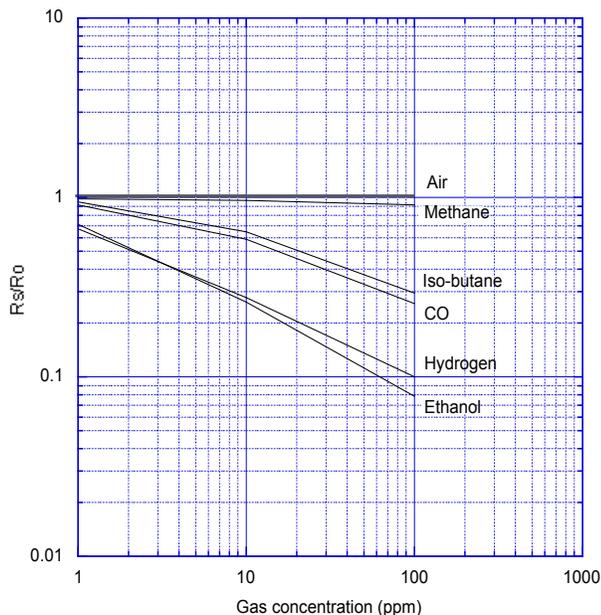
The figure below represents typical sensitivity characteristics, all data having been gathered at standard test conditions (see reverse side of this sheet). The Y-axis is indicated as sensor resistance ratio (R_s/R_o) which is defined as follows:

- R_s = Sensor resistance in displayed gases at various concentrations
- R_o = Sensor resistance in fresh air

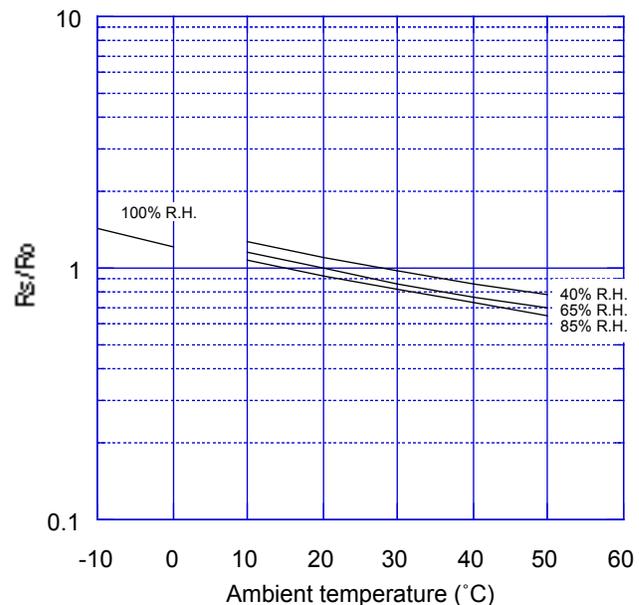
The figure below represents typical temperature and humidity dependency characteristics. Again, the Y-axis is indicated as sensor resistance ratio (R_s/R_o), defined as follows:

- R_s = Sensor resistance in fresh air at various temperatures/humidities
- R_o = Sensor resistance in fresh air at 20°C and 65% R.H.

Sensitivity Characteristics:



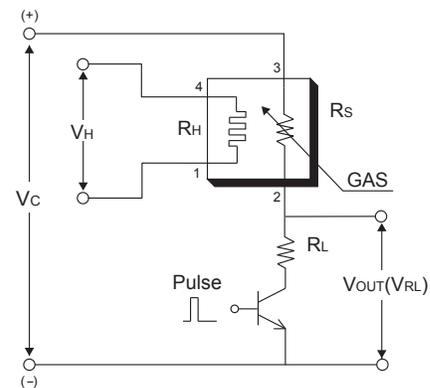
Temperature/Humidity Dependency:



Basic Measuring Circuit:

The sensor requires two voltage inputs: heater voltage (V_H) and circuit voltage (V_C). The heater voltage (V_H) is applied to the integrated heater in order to maintain the sensing element at a specific temperature which is optimal for sensing. Circuit voltage (V_C) is applied to allow measurement of voltage (V_{OUT}) across a load resistor (R_L) which is connected in series with the sensor.

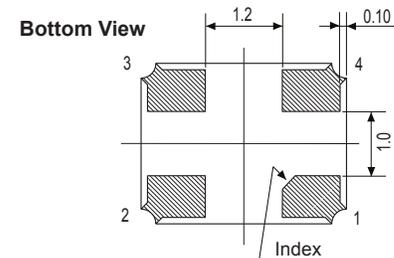
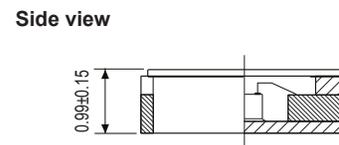
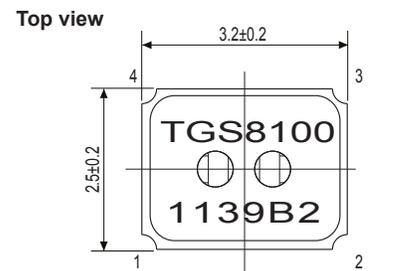
The value of the load resistor (R_L) should be chosen to optimize the alarm threshold value.



Specifications:

Model number		TGS8100	
Sensing principle		MOS type	
Standard package		Ceramic	
Target gases		Air contaminants (hydrogen, ethanol, etc.)	
Typical detection range		1 ~ 30ppm H ₂	
Standard circuit conditions	Heater voltage	V _H	1.8V DC±2%
	Circuit voltage	V _C	max 3.0V DC for 2msec 0v ≥ 998msec
	Load resistance	R _L	variable (10kΩ min.)
Electrical characteristics under standard test conditions	Heater resistance	R _H	approx. 110Ω at room temp.
	Heater current	I _H	8mA (typical)
	Heater power consumption	P _H	15mW (typical)
	Sensor resistance	R _S	10kΩ ~ 300kΩ in air
	Sensitivity (change ratio of R _S)		~0.6
Standard test conditions	Test gas conditions	normal air at 20±2°C, 65±5%RH	
	Circuit conditions	same as std circuit conditions	
	Conditioning period before test	1 hour or longer	

Structure and Dimensions:



u/m = mm

Pin connections:

- 1: Heater
- 2: Sensor electrode (-)
- 3: Sensor electrode (+)
- 4: Heater

Sensor resistance (R_S) is calculated with a measured value of V_{OUT}(V_{R_L}) by using the following formula:

$$R_s = \left(\frac{V_C}{V_{RL}} - 1 \right) \times R_L$$

NOTE: TGS8100 is an ESD-sensitive device. Figaro recommends using ESD protection equipment for handling the sensor.

For information on warranty, please refer to Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale of Figaro USA Inc. All sensor characteristics shown in this brochure represent typical characteristics. Actual characteristics vary from sensor to sensor. The only characteristics warranted are those in the Specification table above.